New Self-dual [78, 39, 14] Codes an Automorphism of Order 13

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We apply a method for constructing binary self-dual codes having an automorphism of odd prime order p ([1], [2]) for p = 13. The main idea of the method is to decompose the binary self-dual code C into a direct sum of two subcodes: $F_{\sigma}(C)$ consisting of all codewords invariant under the action of the automorphism, and $E_{\sigma}(C)$ with vectors that have even weight on all cycles and fixed points.

Using the orthogonal condition and also the structure of $E_{\sigma}(C)$ as a submodule of \mathcal{P}^c , where $\mathcal{P} \cong \mathbb{F}_{2^{12}}$ in the factor ring $\mathbb{F}_2[x]/\langle x^{13}-1\rangle$, we obtain exactly 322103 inequivalent codes $E_{\sigma}(C)$ with $d \geq 14$. Combining the two subcodes of C, we achieve full classification of optimal binary self-dual [78, 39, 14] codes having a fixed points free automorphism of order 13. The total number of such codes is 1592 and among them are codes with 6 new values of the integer parameters in their respective weight enumerator. The cardinality of the automorphism groups are 78 (for 10 codes), 39 (for 2 codes), 26 (for 70 codes) and 13 (for 1510) codes.

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